ometimes entirely inaudible.

After the "Hymn of Praise" Dr. Leopold Damrosch Played the first movement of Beethoven's violin con-certo, Mr. Carl Bergmann conducting the orchestra. We have heretefore expressed our opinion of Dr. Daurrosch's execution of this great work in very warm terms. He execution of this great work in very warm terms. He played last night, if possible, with even more warmth and more exquisite finish than at the last Philharmonic concert. The applianse broke our at intervals all through the performance, and became a perfect tempest at the close, when he was twice recalled and presented with a gorgeous wreath, which he had the good uste not to put upon his head. The "Battle Hymn" from Wagner's "Rienzi" was then sung by the great Sangerbund was become under the direction of Mr. Bergmann, and male chorus under the direction of Mr. Bergmann, and this too aroused a fine frenzy of enthusiasm, in which a large share of the honor seemed to be intended for Mr.

Bergmann personally.

To-day the great event of the feast will take place at Steinway Hall. At 20'clock 19 societies will enter the Steinway Hall. At 2 o'clock 19 societies will enter the lists, and compete for the festival prizes—a Steck piano valued at \$1,500, a Cycleid piano valued at \$1,500, and an ornamented book and music-case worth \$500. The judges are Prof. F. L. Ritter, the well-known conductor and composer, Mr. Geo. Matzka, Mr. S. P. Warren, organist of Grace Church, Mr. F. von Breuning, and Mr. E. Timm. For the first time in the history of the Bund, American societies will take part in this interesting contest. Souring the intervals between the competitive songs, there will be orchestral music under the direction of Mr. there will be orchestral music under the direction of Mr. Bergmann. In the evening the scene of festivity will be transferred to the Rink, where a grand concert will be given by 3,000 singers.

THE DRAMA.

THE WEEK'S EVENTS.

The green flag of the Hibernian muse is suddenly flung to the breezes of June. Irish drama recurs at two of the theaters. Mr. John Collins may be seen, this evening, at Niblo's Garden, in a character that he has many times personated exceedingly well, and in one of the best Irish plays ever written. He will play Myles-na-Coppalleen, in "The Colleen Bawn," which is to be produced, with fine scenery, by Mr. Voeghilin, and with a strong cast of parts. This evening, also, the Irish dtama of "Kathleen Mavourneen" will be presented at the Olympic Theater, and Mr. and Mrs. Watkins—Rose and Harry-will appear in the chief characters. The play is interesting and romantic, and the players enjoy a liberal measure of public esteem. Next Thursday afternoon, at the Olympic, will take place the performance, previously announced, for the benefit of the family of the late Mr. Dan. Symons. It is substantially seless, at such times, to allude to the claims upon public respect and practical support which may happen to have been established by the deceased, in a lifetime of integrity and honorable labor. Mr. Symons did his duty in the world, to the very last, with manly energy and fortitude, and left a good example and memory, which it is hoped will be properly honored now, in the offering of substantial good-fortune to those whom he loved and worked for in life. What the public will most consider, however, is the attraction rather than the claim of this benefit enterprise. Happily that is strong. The per-formance will begin with "Delicate Ground," in which Mrs. J. A. Oates will thereafter sing a vocal arrangement of a waltziby Arditi. "Lord Me Five Shillings" will then be acted, with Mr. Jefferson as Mr. Golightly. Little Jen-nie Yeamans will follow, as the Girl of the Period. And Mr. Fox will conclude the performance, in the farce of "State Secrets." Elsewhere no incident of especial novelty invites mention. Mr. Moss has made a decided hit, by his revival of "The Long Strike" at Wallack's Theater, and that piece will continue to hold the stage. Its thrilling telegraph effect, in which a dramatic idea is legiti-mately carried out by theatrical means, enchains attention, and deserves the triumph it has won. Nobody should fail to see it. The observer of theatrical matters, will, of course, remark the exaltation of the horn of Mr. Boucleault. Two of his plays are before the public at once—at Wallack's and at Niblo's—and another is close at hand: for Mr. Moss has in preparation "Elfie, or the Rose of Cherry-Tree Inn," which he willsoon bring forward. Miss Lizzie Price is to personate the heroine. "The Man o' Airlie runs smoothly along at Booth's Theater, where it will have ten additional representations. This Theater closes on the Fourth of July, to re-open on the 14th of August, with Lotta as Little Nell, in the "Old Curiosity Shop." At the Fifth Avenue Theater the pubtic may see additional performances of the play of "Del-moulco's; cr, Larks up the Hudson," in the representa-tion of which Mr. Harkins, Miss Davenport, Miss Morris, Mr. Parkes, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Davidge, Mrs. Gilbert, Miss Dietz, Mr. De Vere, and Miss Mortimer unite their talonts, skill, and good spirits, so as to give force and vivacity to rather weak and tainted dramatic material. As the weather continues moderately cool, theatrical usiness will, doubtless, be satisfactorily brisk.

Paul Konewka, whose silhoutte designs have been greatly admired, died on the 10th of May at Berlin. John Bright is now staying in the Scottish Highlands, where his health is said to be greatly im-

A very faithful life-size portrait of Col. Paran Stevens has been placed in the High School founded by

Col. Douglas, the President's Private Secretary, has returned from North Carolina, but has not yet Sully, the Philadelphia artist, now nearly 90,

is said to have painted more portraits of celebrities than any artist of his time. He is still an active worker. Gen. Butler edified the children of the Lowell High School, of whose association he is President, by a good-natured address, at a recent strawberry festival.

Gens. Grant, Butler, Burnside, and Sheridan are to be present, on the 10th of August, at the dedication of a site for the Standish monument, on Duxbury's Hill, The Hon. C. C. Washburn, who is favorably

mentioned for Governor of Wisconsin, is on an Eastern trip with his family, and will reach Washington this

Miss Minnie Sherman, said to be exceedingly, bright, and as vivacious of speech as her father, deserted the General during his Western trip, and spent the time at Syracuse with friends of the family.

Paster Beskow, the most popular preacher ta Sweden, draws immense crowds in Stockholm; and yet he is said to have but one sermon, which he presents in a the said different forms. He is known there as the kaleido copie clergyman.

Hans Wachenhusen, the well-known German writer, who accompanied the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-schwerin on his expedition against the Loire army during the war, has received from the Grand Duke the

The real name of Herbert Ainslie, B. D. author of "The Pilgrim and the Shrine," is said to be Edward Muttand, B. A. (Cambridge.) His novel created some excitement in England when first published, and was critised unfavorably in The British Quarterly un-der the heading of "Scepticism in Ecclais."

Daniel Smith, a well-known merchant of Philadelphia, now in advanced years, has five brothers-Francis Gurney Smith, age 88; Richard S. Smith, (3; Daniel Smith, ir., so; William S. Smith, 79; and Charles S. Smith, so. The six brothers have each lived more that half a century with their wives, four of whom still sur

. The President of the New-Hampshire Historical Society, Col. Charles H. Bell, is in possession of a copy of the first book printed and published in the State, "Good News from a Far Country, in Seven Discourses; delivered in the Presbyterian Church of Newbury, by Jonathan Panny, A. M." Printed in Portsmouth in 1756, by Daniel Towle.

PERSONALITIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

.George Mack, formerly of Philadelphia, died uphia from sunstroke on Saturday.Dr. Cyrus Briggs of Georgia, aged 70, a gradu-... A petition, addressed to the President, is in eirculation in Washington, asking the parion of C. C. Bowen, recently

... The Emperor and Empress of Brazil will make yish to Barone, Paris, Germany, England, and Italy, and return to

. Ira Dival, late State Superintendent of Public

.The New-York State Editorial Association has clected the following named officers: President, A. H. Hall of The Waterloam Brussion, Vice-Presidents, Bennan Brockway of The Waterloam Brussion, Vice-Presidents, Bennan Brockway of The Waterloam Budy Times, S. H. Parier of The Geneva Genetic, M. P. Williams of The Hadson Register and Gautite, S. C. Cleveland of The Pran You Chronicis, William Coff of The Lakeport Journal and Chronicle; Secretary and Treasurer, A. O. Bunnell of The Davisville Advertiser.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 24.—The steamer Ida Rees No. 2, of the North-Western Transportation Company's line, struck a sandbar and sunk near the mouth of the White River, about 12 o'clock on the night of the 20th inst. In backing out, her stern struck another bar, unshipping her rudder, when she became unmanbar, unshipping her rudder, when she became unman-agable, and in a rew moments broke in two and went down in eight feet of water. The steamer E. H. Durfee took off the passengers the next morning. No lives were lost. The boat was originally a small craft plying on the Allogheny River, but had been rebuilt, and was one of the swiftest boats on the Upper Missouri. She was valued at \$20,000, and insured for \$12,000. The value of her cargo is estimated at \$100,000; hasurance unknown. Wear & Allison of this city had \$20,000 insurance on Indian goods.

POLITICAL.

DRIFT OF POLITICAL DISCUSSION.

DRIFT OF POLITICAL DISCUSSION.

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED OF BUTLER.

From The Springfeld Republican.

It is impossible that Gen. Butler should not make a new departure of some sort the coming political season. There is a law of the members in his case that forbids him to remain stagnant or continue consistent, above the period of an ordinary human gestation. He may confidently be expected to "break cover" from his present position before many moons. Whether it will be his long considered raid upon Massachusetts for her governorship, with the marshaling of the labor reform and prohibitory factions, and the constraining of the administration influence to his support; or whether, remaining in Congress, and soizing upon the scattered and local elements of opposition to the Treaty of Washington as an excuse, he will sever his thin alliance with Gen. Grant, and underfake to lead the Republican opposition to his recommantion, or even the Democratic opposition to his recommend to the season of the s

except through a large proportion of the Democratic vote, which he very likely could pervert to his support.

VALLANDIGHAM.

From The Providence Journal.

We have spoken kindly, as have most of the Republican papers, of the late Mr. Vallandigham. Death softens political asperities and makes us forget the animosities that we feit toward the living, and which once rankled in the breast of the dead. And it is well that it should be should be so. But there is a danger of carrying this quite too far. Mr. Vallandigham must not be held up as an example to the young men of America. A citizen of a Northern State which sent out its patricate thousands to fight, and, many of them, to die for their country, he gave his sympathies to the men who were endeavoring to destroy that country. He staved at home, and, by his powerful voice and his great influence with the Democratic party, impeded the Government in its endeavors to suppress the Rebellion. We do not recall thus with pleasure, or with any vindictive feeling; but it is not right that the death of Vallandigham should be made the occasion, not only of praises upon him, but of blame upon patriotic men who have gone before him, and those who survive him. It does not make a loyal man of a disloyal man; it does not cendone treason that a man accidentally shoots himself. The occasion is a proper one to call to the public view the private virtues of the unfortunate man and to condoic with those who are bereaved by his death. It is not an occasion to reverse the judgment that has been deliberately passed upon his public acts. It is not an occasion to reverse the judgment that has been deliberately passed upon his public acts. It is not an occasion to reverse the judgment that has been deliberately passed upon his public acts. It is not an occasion to reverse the judgment that has been deliberately passed upon his public acts. It is not an occasion to say that what it was treasonable for a man to do while he lived, is a matter to be praised when he is dead. Burnside never did a ourage the enemy.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

The Republican party will encounter its opponent again during the coming campaign in close and massed ranks, and take up the contest with courage and the assurance of victory. The impure and, as regards political economy, unsound greenback theory of the Western Democrats, the doubt and distrust of the people in the honest and well-meant new departure Democrats, and the inciting, inflammatory, and revolutionary harangues of Jeff. Davis, Robert Toombs, and other former Rebel chiefs, will push the expectant and irresolute Republicans back within the old party paling. So long as the Democratic party stands up as a constant menace to the security and welfare of the country, and attempts indirectly to weaken the mational credit, and so long as the leading Democrats of the South do not throw the Confederate flag into the lumberroom, but continue to hold it up before their followers as a symbol and prognostic of the ultimate independence of the South, so long will the people of the North hold together as brothers in the consciousness of common danger. Their own interests, patriotism, and the sacred obligation which the people of the North owe to the thousands of victims who sacrificed their lives or limbs for the maintenance of the Union, will always operate as a means of uniting the well-meaning and patriotically-disposed citizens as long as they apprehend danger from the South to the preservation of the Union. If the Republican party can advance its positions but slowly and cautiously the fault is mainly with the Democracy.

BOURBONS AND COPPERHEADS DENOUNCED. THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

BOURBONS AND COFPERHEADS DENOUNCED.

BOURBONS AND COPPERHEADS DENOUNCED.

From The Richmond Whig.

The Bourbons and impracticables are not confined to the South. There are some at the North and they are extremely billious. Time fails to mollify their rage. They get unadder every day. There are some in Ohio, some in Pennsylvania, some in New-York. The Simonpure Copperhead Democracy of the North will prove the most incorrigible, hard-headed and embittered enemies of liberal and progressive principles. These men, some of whom, we are afraid, are endeavoring to speculate on the supposed rebellious spirit of the South, will exert whatever influence they possess as marplots, and will fight the proposed "New Departure" to the bitter end. They, perhaps, have a notion that their Bourbonism can be made to pay, but the Southern people should be prempt in teaching them that they cannot wring money out of them for their newspapers by riding high Ku-Klux horses and "out-Heroding Herod."

high ku-klux horses and "out-Heroding Herod."

TAMMANY CENSURD.

From The Cincinnati Enquirer.

If the Democrats do not heartily and thoroughly condemn robberies of the public funds, and kick out of the party the plunderers, we hope they will be defeated. The Democratic party can not afford to give any countenance whatever to violators of public trusts, for it is the party of integrity and purity; and no mistaken commiscration for individuals should, for a moment, induce the Democratic party to look with anything but detestation upon the misuse of the public funds by those intrusted with them. "Shoot the deserters" used to be the cry; let it now be, "Shoot the public plunderers."

POLITICAL NOTES.

Major Ben. Perley Poore has been appointed Superintendent of Repairs on the Custom-House at New-

Chief-Justice Chase has informed a Cincinnati newspaper reporter that he shall vote for no on for Governor of Ohio. Some of the Democratic papers of this State

come out strongly in favor of the Hon. John F. Hubbard of Chenango County for Secretary of State. Jacob Mueller of Cleveland, the Republican

nominee for Lieutenant-Governor of Ohio, is a native of Bavaria, and came to this country in 1848. He is a law-yer, and the Secretary of the German Insurance Com-pany of Cleveland. Mayor Selby has secured the entire San Fran-

cisco delegation to the California Republican State Con vention, and the contest for the nomination of Governor is now likely to be very close between him and Newton The Democrats of Wisconsin are to hold

their State Convention on the 23d of August. The call declares that the true mission of all parties now is to deal with the practical questions of the day, ignoring those controversies which have been settled by the progress of events.

The Young Men's Republican State Association, of which the Hon. G. Hilton Scribner is President, will hold a public meeting at Binghamton next Thursday. Several eminent speakers, including Gov. Hawley of Con-necticut, the Hon. Charles H. Van Wyck, the Hon. An-drew D. White, the Hon. D. C. Littlejohn, and George William Curtis, have been invited to make addresses.

In 1867, Ohio elected a Republican Governor by 2,984 majority, and a Democratic Legislature. In 1869 the majority for Hayes was 7,518, and in the Legislature the Hamilton County "Reformers" held the balance of power. In 1871, with a Senatorship pending, and Labor Reform and Temperance tickets to be put in the field, the Republicans have work before them, but the 12,000 new colored voters will fight nobly.

It is well said by The Pittsburgh Chronicle. that "whilst Jefferson Davis hugs the delusion that this great nation may yet be disintegrated and shorn of its world-wide influence, the nations of Europe, on fitting occasions, pay homoge to its strength as they never did prior to 1835. Grocery loafers at the cross roads of Mississippi moan over the 'Lost Cause' at a time when English statesmen court the good will of the United States as a matter of incalculable importance."

With reference to the Democratic nominations of candidates for seats in the Kentucky Legislature The Louisville Courier-Journal has the following: "If ever we needed an efficient delegation at Frankfort we shall we needed an eincient constant of the present moment. Several good men are in the field, and several good men are in the field, and several good men who ought to be are not. But the like-lihood at large is sterile."

The Cincinnati Enquirer is too superstitious. The anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill," it says, was an eventful one to Mr. Vallandigham." He ran the Southern blockade June 17, 1863; reached Dayton June military arrest," and died by accidental violence, self-inflicted, June 17, 1871. "It so happened," adds The En-quirer, "that it was seven years after his return, and in a year is which the figure 7 so prominently appears to mark the date."

THE INCOME TAX-JUDGE STRONG'S OPINION.

The opinion of Judge Strong, of the Supreme Court, on the constitutionality of the Income Tax. delivered in Philadelphia on Friday, was given in the following cases; Clarence H. Clark agt. Horatio G. Sickel Mary E. Farnum agt. Same, William Sellers agt. Same and Henry C. Lea agt. William R. Leeds. The opinion was given briefly, and unaccompanied by reasons, as fol-

lows:

"The pleadings in all these cases raise the question whether the Act of Congress of June 30, 1864, and its supplements, so far as they impose a tax upon the annual gains, profits, or income of every person residing in the United States, or of any citizens of the United States residing abroad, are within the power conferred by the Constitution upon Congress. If it be true, as has been argued, that the Income Tax is a 'capitation or other direct tax,' within the meaning of the Constitution, it is undoubtedly prohibited by the first and night sections of the first article, for it is not 'apportioned among the

framers of the Constitution, and the people of the States who adopted it, understood such taxes. The reasons for my opinion it would answer no good purpose for me to state at length, inasmuch as these cases will doubtless go to the Supreme Court for ultimate decision. It is sufficient for me now to state, that in my judgment, Congress has a constitutional right to impose all the taxes of which the plaintiffs complain, and that none of them are such as must necessarily be apportioned. With the policy of such imposition I have, as a Judge, nothing to do. Let judgment be entered for the defendants on the several densurers."

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

AQUATIC.

THE WALLACK CUP RACE POSTPONED - AN IM-

PROVISED REGATTA OFF THE HIGHLANDS -As it is scarcely possible to sail a regatta in As it is scarcery possible to sain a regarda in defiance of a thick, blinding rain-storm, the race for the Lester Wallack cup was postponed last Saturday until the yachts shall have returned from Cape May. The yachts entered for the contest left their anchorage of testing her speed with the fleetest of New-York's pleasure navy, cruised about the Lower Bay. The Seth Low, bearing the judges and the reporters, plunged and floundered onward down the bay, amid the blinding rain, through the heavy sea which was then rolling in through the Narrows. The Idler and Rambler were passed at Staten Island, riding at anchor, their captains having concluded not to participate in the race. The wind still blow strong and fresh and the heavts of the revents come. blew strong and fresh, and the hearts of the regatta committe throbbed expectant at the prospect of a race in which even the Sappho, Dauntless, Columbia, and Wan-

mitte throbbed expectant at the prospect of a race in which even the Sappho, Dauntless, Columbia, and Wanderer would be compelled to sail under a single-reef.

In the Horseshoe were inclosed, at various distances, the Wanderer, Columbia, Alarm, Tarolinta, Tidal Wave, Dauntless, Sappho, Eva, Palmer, and Fleetwing. The start was to have been a flying one, and at 11 o'clock the Seth Low proceeded to buoy No. 5, at the point of the Hook, preparatory to giving the signal. Several of the yachts raised anchor and tacked about awaiting that event. A few minutes after the Seth Low took up position, a ferce squal turst upon the fleet, and the sky became very thick to the southward. At 11:30 the wind was blowing a full sail breeze from the south-east, but the shore was almost hidden from view by the fog. This continued with short intermissions until 12:15, when it was decided to postpone the race. The Begatta Committee visited Mr. Wallack, on board the Magic off the Long Branch dock, at Sandy Hook, and amounced their decision. He expressed entire satisfaction thereat, having designed that the occasion should be a grand gaiaday at the Branch, an object which would have been entirely defeated by the unpleasant weather.

All idea of a race for the cup having been abandoned, a few of the yachts determined to give the Dreadnaught a trial of speed, and stood out toward the bar, where the new vessel was sailing to and fro as if challenging a competitor. The Sappho accepted the contest, and after a few tacks both boats ran back inside the Hook to when we have the leading out toward them. Having come up with them, both again went about and hauled close on the wind. The Dreadnaught was to windward; on her lee bow, two ship's lengths away, was the Tidal Wave, three lengths ahead was the Sappho, with the Dauntless on her lee beam, and astern of the Dauntless were the Palmer, Tarolinta, and Columbia. The start was effected at 2:09. The Tidal Wave, Palmer, and Tarolinta shook the reefsout of their mainsails. The columbia and Tarolinta

The Oceanic Yacht Club of Jersey City will hold their first annual regatta to-day, weather permit-ting. The boats will be classified as first and secondting. The boats will be classified as first and secondclass—all over 26 feet in length in the former and all
under that measurement in the latter. Four prizes will
be contested for, one for the first and second boat in each
class, the allowance of time being reckoned at two minules to the foot. The course for boats of the first class
will be from a stake-boat off the Central New-Jersey
Railroad dock, down between Bediev's and Gibbet
Islands, to and around buoy No. 9; thence home, keeping
outside the Jersey flats; for the second class, the same
course to and around a stake-boat off Bay Ridge, L. L;
thence home, passing between the islands before mentioned; this course to be sailed over twice. Seventeen
boats have been entered. The Oceanic Yacht Club is
three years old, numbers 75 members, and has a fleet of
30 boats, from 16 to 41 feet in length.

The Brooklyn regatta to morrow, judging from the
long list of entires, promises to be a great yachting
event.

The Cooper's Point Yacht Club of Camden, N. J., will hold their annual regatta to-day on the Delaware River, opposite Philadelphia. Seven classes of yachts have been entered.

THE TURF. RACING AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, June 24.-The Turf Congress meeting closed to-day. The first race was for a consolation purse for beaten horses. Belle Alken won the race, beating Videcq, Knight of St. Louis, and Joe Alken. Time—1:461, 1:491. The second race, mile heats, three best in five, for a purse of \$500, five per cent entrance added, was won by Alla Vela, beating Donovan and Emma M. Time—1:461, 1:462, 1:491.

BASE-BALL.

The Kekiongas and Mutuals play to-day on Rain stopped all games in this vicinity on saturday.

The Union Star and Fly-Away Clubs play at he Capitoline Ground, to-morrow, for the aliver ball. he Capitoline Ground, to morrow, for the aliver bail.

The game of base-ball at Cincinnati, on Sat-

The Rockford and Chicago Clubs played in Cincinnati last Saturday, and the White Stockings won by a score of 18 to 8, this being their first legal victory over the Rockfords.

The National Association Judiciary Committee has decided against the Rockford Club in the case of Hastings's right to play. The only Judiciary Committee, however, which the professional clubs are bound to obey is the Committee of the Professional National Association, and they meet only at the close of the sea-

The Boston Club play the first match of The Boston Child play the first macer, their Western tour at Philadelphia, to-day, with the Athletics. On the 28th they play in Pittsburgh; on the 30th at Hamilton, Ohlo; and on July 1 with the Livo Oaks at Cincinnati. On the 4th they play their grant match, namely, nine old Red Stockings against a nine of the Boston and Olympic Clubs. On July 6 they play the Olympics in Cincinnati, and then go to Chicago.

the Olympies in Cincinnati, and then go to Chicago.

It has been decided, in the case of the Keklonga and Haymaker match, that the umpire alone is the judge of fair and unfair play in the game; and, as such judge has alone the right to decide whether the all is in it condition for use, or not, therefore, in case he decides that a new ball must be produced by the club furnishing the ball, they are obliged to provide a new ball; and in case of their refusing to do so, the rules empower the umpire to decide the game forfetted by the club refusing.

OUR RUSSIAN VISITORS.

PRAYERS ON THE VSADNICH FOR THE INFANT GRAND DUKE.

The Russian man-of-war Vsadnich, now lying in the stream off the Battery, was the scene of interesting religious ceremonies yesterday, celebrated in honor of the birth of the Grand Duke Georgius Alexandronitsch, son of the Grand Duke Alexander, the heir apparent to the throne of Russia, and the beautiful Princess Dagmar, or as the Russians call her, Marie Feodorona. The services were performed on the gundeck of the vessel, which was appropriately draped with the different national ensigns. On the starboard side of the ship was erected a mina-ture altar which beamed with the bright jewels and rich-burnished gold and silver ornaments always to be seen upon a Greek shrine. On one side or in front of the altar were the distinguished guests, including the Russian Minister, M. Catacazy, several attachés of the Russian Legation in full uniform, the Russian Consular Corps, and officers from the Brooklyn Navy Yard, besides a number of Russian and French ladies, whose rich costumes added to the brilliancy of the spectacle. On the port side of the vessel were gathered the seamen, in snow-white heliday attire. During the service, the courtly Minister of Russia noticed that the usual prayer for the President of the United States, which follows that for the Emperor and the Imperial Household in the Great Liturgy, was omitted, probably, because the celebrant. Father Bjerring, supposed that it would be somewhat inappropriate on board a Russian vessel of war. M. Catacaxy at once interrupted the service, and requested that the prayer for the health and prosperity of the Chief Magistrate of the United States be repeated. The service was all given in English, by the officiating clergyman, and the responses intoned with marked effect in Russian by the musical voices of the sallors.

AUSTRO-HUNGARY.

THE PRESENT CONDITION OF THE EMPIRE—DE-BATE IN THE AUSTRIAN CHAMBER OF DEPU-TIES ON AN ADDRESS TO THE THRONE. [FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.] VIENNA, May 26 .- To credit the natives of

this country, there is a con-plication about their domestic affairs that is only explicable to those to the manner born, much as Europeans who have visited the United States say they were expected to be in perfect ignorance of every institution of the country. Here, as there, the new-comer is proffered by every new acquaintance a key to all the social and political problems, though it unfor-tunately happens that the clues given by the different persons differ as regularly as the keys dealt out by the post-office for the boxes. Then, it often seems as if the individual wishes and vagaries of the key-makers came out in the instrument offered to you. With some, improved means of communication make up the one thing needful. The remote parts of the realm would thus be yachts entered for the contest left their anchorage off Staten Island at an early hour, and took up positions in the Horseshoe. The Dreadnaught, determined upon testing her speed with the flectest of New-York's pleasure navy, cruised about the Lower Bay. The Seth Low, bearing the judges and the reporters, plunged and floundered onward down the bay, amid the blinding rain, through the heavy sea which was then rolling in through ontented." "Moreover," said the same clever talker, while communication was by water, commerce moved ever westward," and he pointed out on a map the tracks of trade from the time of the Phoenicians. "Now it has eastward. Austria must have a great future, for the traffic from India must pass through its entire length." "By the Danubel" "No, by rail. By the way, have you noticed that the English officials in India have entirely changed in character through rapid communication! An Englishman goes now for five years or even three years, instead of a lifetime. English influence is wanting fast by reason of this alteration in the sort of men who are its medium. Perhaps Austria will one day get part of what Britain loses there."

Men more interested in the shares of the company navigating the Danube urge that the subsidy given by the

Government should not be diminished to bein the railroads, for the Danube is the great artery of Europe, and through it alone can European interest in Austria be kept alive. A lawyer pointed out to me that want of respect for the majesty of the law was the root of Austrian evil, fostered by the annual creation of a host of statutes only to incumber the statute book. Another saw a drawback to welfare in a depreciated currency, not compensated by any of the privileges of which Austrians sometimes boast. It seemed as if the principal personage of one of our chief city journals had over-looked a privilege not enjoyed in all continental counries; but on mention of the liberty of the Press, which is here sometimes equivalent to license, he answered: "There are a couple of thousand editors in Austria; is it an equal distribution of advantages that they can write what they please, while the rest of the 35,000,000 inhabitants must transact their business in paper with a forced currency!" "But the influence of what those 2,000 men write—" "Is precious small. People care little about newspaper polenies." Another has lamented to me the absence of enterprise. "The people are not to be matched in the world. Take the people of Vienna, for example; nowhere else will you find such a charming populace. But it is such a pity that we cannot have the one thing we want, the one thing that the country wants-just a little of your American enterprise. We have everything else." But if one looks in the list of the Stock Exchange he will think that he never saw such a catalogue of domestic enterprises. In no other European city will the stroiler find so many new buildings, both finished and in process of erection, elegant, mammoth structures they are, too. Then, also, if the signs in the streets and the notices in the papers are read, it will be found that the most distinguished noblemen are also business men. Saim Saim owns an iron works, Esterhazy is a railway director, Liechtenstein has a brick-yard. More than once I have not, however, heard then termed an unthrifty race, likely to ruin the commercial prosperity, and they certainly have not such an overwhelming majority in the government, nor such an exalted position in society, as to place in jeopardy the traditions of either. That every banker in this city is a Jew is, if true, certainly a singular coincidence, but not a crime. One gentleman put the whole onus of blame on Roman Catholiput the whole onus of blame on Roman Catholicism, because the system of confession sears the conscience of the youth, and thus the grown-up man cannot be relied on against corruption and bribery. One man deplored the fruits of bigotry, another of indifference; and I have seen one who regarded both combined as the cause of complaint. This paradoxical combination was accounted by the complaint. bination was explained by saying, if you go into a church you will find prominent citizens there, far more than you will meet in a place of worship in Germany; but those same persons who appear so devout and at-tend regularly to religious duties both join in jeers at the church and clergy, and poke 'un at them themselves.

Then followed the moral and application.

This list of hobbies might be extended much further. Despite its nonsensical appearance, the legitimate impression conveyed by taking it as sober and serious is justified, for it would not be a difficult thing to name the prominent representative persons who have given these explanations of the present unfortunate condition of the nersons whom I have leen recommended to consult as able to furnish an insight into the actual situation of affairs. One notable contrast between the habits of talking here and in America is the unanimity with which Austrians admit that their country and its instiutions are not praiseworthy. They deery them, and encourage you to find fault too, Just as do certain classes f Russians; only here the peculiarity is not confined to certain set. Along with this peculiarity is the tendency of the different nationalities to ridicule each other, and it would not appear that the Germans are of all the most tolerant. They wish to Germanize the entire monarchy, but do not always question whether each institution fits in with the rest of the old system. Thus, to take an example, the Germans in Hungary, where they form the middle class, as they do throughout the realm wherever another nationality is in the majority, wish to give the judges, who at present serve short term of years, life terms, that is, to perpetuate the very class of men of whom they now continually complain; for a corrupt man will probably be less corrupt if his chances of appointment depend on his good behavior. In one thing it is admitted that the Hungarians ar In one thing it is admitted that the Hungarians are in advance; namely, in parliamentary management and constitutional government. On the other side of the Leitha the deputies will refuse to vote the budget, and then nobody will pay the taxes, said an arch conservative to me, yesterday; the Germans, neither here nor in the North, would really gos of ar except in extraordinary emergencies, but then every one of them would pay when asked by the collector. A refusal of the budget is indeed threatened; but the Cabinet does not appear much alarmed by the threat, nor even by an address to the Emperor, telling His Majesty how bad are his ministering servants.

much alarmed by the threat, nor even by an address to the Emperor, telling His Majesty how had are his ministering servants.

Upon the debate in the Austrian Chamber of Deputies on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, Dr. Herbst, speaking for the committee reporting the bill, went over the sins of the Ministry and its supporters with a caustic humor not easily matched, devoting particular pains to setting down a member who pretended to know something about Austria after the brief residence of two years. Then Count Hohenwarth, the Minister-President, a gentleman of slender and rather clegant figure, apparently much under forty years of age, rose to reply. There was a fluttering in the xalleries, members hurried in and out of the lobby, and those in their seats stepped down into the center of the hall, forming a semi-circle in front of the desk. The Count was a little nervous after the pungent peroration of the ex-minister of justice; but he soon worked into the speech, which was mainly written out. He spoke in the tone of an injured man about the treatment shown by the Chamber to himself and colleagues, and pursued, for the most part, a fuguous line of argument, which enabled him to give some hits to Dr. Herbst, who warded them off, before the vote was taken. The majority for the address was quite respectable, and at least one person came away reflecting on the impressiveness of the condemnation of a Cabinet. But a "one who ought to know" has ruined all the sentiment of the affair by declaring that the demonstration will be without effect, for the Emperor has no new Cabinet ready. According to his account the actual chances of the persons intrusted with the responsibility depend upon whether His Majesty has lost his confidence in them and found, as it were, a small confidential Ministry behind the backs of the rest. Thus, he declared, Count Hohenwarth himself had come in, mounting the steps from that of Stadtholder, In Upper Austria.

A TEACHER MURDERED IN SIGHT OF HER SCHOL-ARS-ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

board a Russian vessel of war. M. Catacacy at once interpreted the service, and requested that the prayer for the health and prosperity of the Chief Magistrate of the United States be repeated. The service was all given in English, by the officialing elergyman, and the responses intoned with marked effect in Russian by the musical voices of the sailors.

After the service, the guests were invited to partake of an excellent collation by the ward-room officers. Mr. Catacaxy presided, and made a dignified and appropriate speech, in which he alluded to the attempts recently made existed between Russia and the United States have a contained the contained which has for so long a first that contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained that a first the service of the sailors. The contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contained the contained which has for so long a first type condense to the contained the contain LAGRANGE, Ind., June 23.—Miss Anna Dwight

which entered the brain, and that this would eventually prove fatal. An examination of the parties was had before Justice Galloway, the young man committed to jail, and the woman held to bail in the sam of \$1,000—Charles Dwight, the father of the murdered girl, going her bail. The young man was brought to jail last night, and is this morning resting folerably comfortably. The physicians here are not so certain as to the seriousness of his wounds. Great excitement provalls in the vicinity of the homicide. The neighbors are prepared to finish the work the young man attempted on himself, but Mr. Dwight protested against it, and a better judgment prevailed. There is some comment on the fact of the father of the murdered girl bailing the woman. The only supposed cause of the crime is the rejection of Barnes as a suitor a short time ago, and the acceptance by Miss Dwight of the attentions of another person. The platol used was a small six-shooter. Barnes has been clerking in a grocery stor, at White Pigeon, Michigan, lately, and had borne a good character. His father is a farmer in Ekhart County. Ind.

STATE OF THE WEATHER.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORT FROM SIGNAL SERVICE CORPS, U. S. A., OF OBSERVATIONS AT 11:47 O'C.OCK LAST NIGHT.

Place of Observa-	Hight of Percent	Thermometer.	Derec's of Wine	Polestiy of Wim-	Force of Wind.	State of Weather
Augusta, Ga Baltimore Boston Buffalo Burlington, Vt. Cairo, Ill. Cape May, N. J. Charleston Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland. Davenport, Iowa Detroil Grand Haven, Mich Indianapoils Knoxville, Tenn Lake City, Fla Leavenworth, Kansas Lynchburg, Va. Memphis. Milwaukee Milwaukee Mobile, Ala. Nashville, Tenn New-London, Conn New-Orleans. New-York. Norfolk Omaha Oswego Philadelphia Portland, Me Rochester, N. Y. Savannah St. Louis Toledo, Ohio Washington, N. C.	30,09 30,09 30,08 30,08 30,11 30,05 30,13 30,10 30,10 30,10 30,10 30,17	67 60 64 64 76 60 61 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	S.W. N. E. S. W. N. E. S. W. N. E. S. W. S. E. S. W. S. E. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. E. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. S. W. S. W	4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 3 1 1 1 2 1 2 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Gentle. Fresh. Light. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Calm. Light. Calm. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Gentle. Calm. Gentle. Light. Fresh. Calm. Gentle. Light. Calm. Gentle. Calm.	Clear, Clear, Clear, Clear, Fair, Fair, Fair, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Cloudy Fair, Cloudy Fair, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Clear, Clear, Cloudy Fair, Clear, Cl

WAR DEPARTMENT. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, June 25, 1871—7 p. m.
Synopsis for the past tecntly-four hours.
barometer has risen on the Pacitic coast

The barometer has risen on the Pacific coast and at the Rocky Mountain stations, and is very generally higher east of the Mississippi River, except that it has fallen on Southern Illinois with an increase of temperature. The temperature is now low on the Middle Atlantic coast, but rising in the Eastern States and on the upper lakes. Light northerly and easterly winds in the Middle States are now generally reported. Light rain has fallen this afternoon in Missouri and Southern Alabama. The threatening weather of Saturday night from Illinois to Pennaylvania has very generally cleared away, as also that in the New-Eugland States and on the lakes. It stiff prevails in Virginia and North Carolina.

Probabilities

A light storm is probable for to-night in Central Illinois and Indiana; partially cloudy and clear weather and light winds are probable for Monday on the lakes and the Atlantic coast.

THE TROY PAGIN—TREACHERY IN THE GRAND

THE TROY PAGIN-TREACHERY IN THE GRAND JURY.
Russell, the Troy merchant, under indict-

ment for receiving stolen goods from young thieves en-couraged by him in their rascality, having fled from the city, his store, known as Russell & McLaughlin's, has been closed by the authorities. An inventory of the goods remaining there was taken on Friday. The Troy

city, his store, known as Russell & McLaughin's, nasbeen closed by the authorities. An inventory of the goods remaining there was taken on Friday. The Troy Times of June 24 says:

Among other things discovered were a complete list of the Grand Jurors for the June term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, together with the vote on the first indictment of Russell, the vote on reconsidering the indictment, and the final vote of indictment! According to these papers, the Grand Jury first decided to indict Russell for receiving stolen property by an aimost unanimous vote, only three jurors voting against it. The next day this action was reconsidered, only 10 of the 23 members of the grand inquest being present, by a vote of 9 to 1. This reverse action created a great deal of outside excitement, which had the effect of causing the case to be brought before the members again. Previous to this and subsequent to the reconsideration, further proof was discovered against Russell, and according to the paper found in his store he was finally indicted by a vote of 13 to 6. The existence of this paper demonstrates, the fact that the secrets of the Grand Jury were no secrets to Russell, and that the time of his flight was admirably adapted to other circumstances. The fact that he was in possession of these papers shows that some member of the Grand Jury violated his outh, and proved treacherous to the trust reposed in him. He must be as great a scoundrel as Russell himself. We shall try and flad out his name, and when we do shalp publish to the world. We hope District Autorney Banker will flud some way to indict flow wetch.

Sheriff McKeon and Chief Detective Guy resterday afternoon visited Baxter's brick-yard, on the Hollow Road, and recovered ten barrels of the pork belonging to and stolen from Warner Brothers. Shortly before Russell departed, it is said that he sold ten barrels to Mr. Baxter, who, it is claimed, was ignorant of them maner in which the seller came in possession of them. In the hurry of his departure, Russell n

THE RURAL CLUB DISCUSSES THE STRAWBERRY.

The Rural Club of New-York, Horace Greeley, President, held a reunion at the Grand Central Hotel on Saturday evening. There was a full attendance of both ladies and gentlemen, including Dr. Hexamer, A. S. Fuller, F. D. Curtis, Samuel Sinclair, J. B. Lyman, S. R. Wells, C. D. Bragdon, N. C. Ely, P. T. Quinn, H. T. Williams, George Such, and Dr. J. V. C. smith. After a dinner, which was pronounced excellent by such connoisseurs as a Rural Club would naturally produce, the subject which the members had met to dis cuss was brought up, and the "Strawberry—Its Culture for Market and for Home Use," was thoroughly handled and tested, in voluminous and exhansive addresses, while the luscious fruit lay in profusion upon the table before them. Dr. F. M. Hexamer of Newcastle, West-chester County, exhibited a number of varieties of strawberries, the product of his own fields, and addresses were made by him and by A. S. Fuller, J. B. Lyman, and H. T. Williams. Mr. Fuller occupied a pleasant half hour in referring to the origin of our cultivated varieties of the strawberry, and the peculiar difficulties under which they are produced. Mr. Lyman was prepared with a long essay upon New-York as a strawberry market, giving some interesting statistics concerning the commercial value of this most delightful of small fruits. Dr. Hexamer maintained that the best berry for market and home purposes is the Wilson, which always sells bost in market, although its flavor is excelled by other varieties. It is the most prolitic and trustworthy. Mr. Williams narrated his own experience as a strawberry grower during the last four years. There was no other business, he said, that required so much capital and labor, was attended with so much risk, and gave so little satisfaction; and yet it was profitable. He also explained them. At the concuss was brought up, and the "Strawberry-Its Culture much risk, and gave so little satisfaction; and yet is was profitable. He also explained the mystery of "gluts" in the market, and the way to avoid them. At the con-clusion of his remarks, a conversational discussion upon the merits of the different varieties ensued, between Messrs. Quinn, Bragdon, Sinclair, and others, after which the Club adjourned, well satisfied with its first reunion.

CONTARINI'S CAREER AS IT IS KNOWN IN CANADA. The Montreal News has the following con-

cerning Louis Guiseppe Contarini, the adventurer who was recently arrested in Poughkeepsie on a charge of bigamy, preferred by Miss Mary Diston, and who is now under bonds to answer. Miss Virginia Saunders, referred to by The News, was another of his victims, and died in

among his countrymen here, until Mr. Saunders made some discoveries as to his antecedents, which caused bim to pack Contarint off to Boston. It is believed he had then at least three living wives. Contarint confidently told several persons that he was a natural son of the King Victor Emanuel, by the Countess Contarint, and was banished from Italy on a small pension, because of the country of his half-drothers, Frince Humbert and Prince Asmodeus (now King of Spain), who accused him of being a member of the Carbonari, and partisan of Mazzini. An emissary of the latter memed Martini, whose swindling exploits will be recollected by several victims here, was a close associate of Contarini, and both would on occasious exhibit letters from Italy, to sustain their representations. After the Prince's hegirs from Montreal he was text heard of in Boston, or Charlestown, Mass., where he added another to his already numerous list of wives. Miss S. had, however, then sank into her final rest from a broken heart. The next heard of the c-derast Doctor and Prince, was as a Colonel of Fenians, in the last raid from St. Albans, and his remning away at Pizeon Hill from the volunteers, on t. borse he borrowed from a field without the knowledge of the owner.

A BLOODY FIGHT IN FORTY-FIRST ST.

Bernard Leary, proprietor of a low grocery and liquor store at No. 442 West Forty dyst st., quarreled with his wife Ann, on Saturday afternoon, while both were intoxicated. The woman finally struck her hus band on the head with some blunt instrument, inflicting a bad cut. Charles McGiven, a neighbor, hearing the disturbance, entered, and found the wife about to renew the assault. He endeavored to prevent her, when she caught up a coffee cup and threatened to strike him. As he wenf out he saw Mrs. Leary throw the cup at her husband striking him on the side of the head, shattering the cup, and inflicting another wound, from which the blood flowed copiously. The two were heard quarreling during the evening, and a crowd gradually collected in front of the place. At 114 p. m. they fought again, and William Quinn, James Farreil, and others went in to try and

Quinn, James Farrell, and others went in to try and separate them. Christopher Farrell, a nephew of Leary, caught up a large kuffe from the counter and made a pass at James Farrell, inflicting a slight cut on one of his hands. The neighbors were driven into the street, followed by Farrell and Leary, the latter armed with a hatchet and shovel. They were received with shouts by the crowd, and as they advanced, Farrell brandshing his kuffe and Leary his weapons, brickbats and stones were hurled at them and at Leary's store.

In the row that followed Leary was knocked down, kicked, and beaten in a shocking manner about the head and body. Farrell saved himself by retreating into the store. The cry of "Police" was raised and the crowed scattered. Leary, who was found insersible, was removed to Bedevue Hospital, where his skull was found to be fractured. He had received other serious wounds on the head and face. It was difficult to ascertain anything relative to the fray, as all who participated professed utter ignorance concerning it. Finally, after much inquiry, James Moore of No. 508 West Forty first-st, was arrested, and Fatrell identified him as one of those who had attacked his uncle. Later in the day, the attack on Leary by his wife was heard of by Capt. Caffrey, and gradually the attendant circumstances were learned. Mrs. Leary and Farrell were then arrested, and, with Moore, were leaked up to await the result of Leary's injuries. Capt. Caffrey took the statements of several witnesses, whose testimony corroborates the account given above.

THE INTERNATIONAL WORKINGMEN'S UNION-

A meeting of the Central Committee of the "Internationals" was held yesterday p. m., in an obscure portion of the city. Twelve sections were represented, the most powerful and numerous being the American, Irish, French and German, although it is a noteworthy fact that the German speaking delegates were in the ascendancy. Prominent in the meeting was one of the re-cent Irish exiles. Several of the German delegates cendancy. Prominent in the meeting was one of the recent Irish exiles. Several of the German delegates were unable to speak good English, and their remarks were translated for the benefit of the others. Considerable discussion was had upon the propriety of indersing the French Commune. Irish, American, and French delegates urged the passage of the resolutions, declaring that it would have a been-ficial effect upon the cause of the workingmen. From this the leading German delegates dissented, as it would excite Roman Catholic and other prejudices against the Union on account of the recent death of the Archbishop, priests and others in Paris. It was desirable that this should be avoided, but delegates favoring the resolutions pressed their motion, urging that it was not necessary to eulogise the acts of the Commune however much they might feel inclined to do so, but simply to indorse the principles that had actuated the Communists in revolting. One of the French delegates affirmed that he did not think it so believes a crime to kill the Archbishop and priests of Paris, but rather approved of it. The resolutions were lost, however, the Germans voting solidly in the negative. Arrangements were made for a mass meeting of the Union at the Casino in Houston-st. next Sunday evening. It was urged that the names of the Union at the Casino in Houston-st. next Sunday evening. It was urged that the names of the Union at the Sunday of the principal Communists who had fallen in Paris be painted on placards and placed around the hail, but this was objected to on the ground that it was difficult to ascertain who had been really killed, and thus entitled to posthumous glory. An amendment was offered whereby the injunction, "Versatilists, shed no more blood!" was to be painted, and hung in a conspicuous position. Ont of the delegates reported that his section had recently admitted two women to membership. After some desultory discussion the meeting adjourned.

Napoleon Schoenberger, proprietor of the lager-neer saloon No. 374 Hudson-st., quarreled with his bar-tender, Henry Schoenwald, last night, and was shot in the neck by the latter, and seriously wounded. Schoenwald was locked up in the Greenwich-st. Politee Station. The wounded man was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Henry Fulton, age 17, of No. 752 Sixth-ave., was run over last evening, at the intersection of West and West Texth-sa, run was dangerously injured. Taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Soveral false alarms of the works and the serious transfer.

Several false alarms of fire were sent out from various parts of the city fast evening by some malicious person who possessed one of the keys to the fire-slarm boxes.

WEEKLY HAVANA MARKET. WERKLY HAVANA MARKET.

HAVANA, June 24.—Sugar closed quiet and steady; Sugar experted during the week from Havana and Matanza. D.00 boxes and 2.000 blots, of which 0.000 boxes and all the blots, were for the United States. Shock of Sugar remaining in warehouses at Havana and Manages. 440 0 0 boxes and 6.000 blots.

The exportation of Sugar to France has recommenced.

Molasses shill.

Baron declining; sales at 10/2/14c. Coal Oil steady at 4 reals. Flour quiet at \$1325/2/\$15 17c. Hams steady; American salted, 15/2/5/2 (Sugar-cared, 25/2/5/c. Lard firm; Keg. 16c; Tins. 10/2/5/19c. Potatoes in demand; quoted at \$45. Tallow bacyant; quoted at \$45.0 kJg. Cooperage masslable. Freights—No demand for Korope, captiles demand higher rates to the United Sattes; Box Sugar to Northern and Scottlern ports in the United States, \$41 per tun; to Falmouth and orders, \$20.0 ft.5. To-bacco is survivage slowly, and is in great demand; Hawan retailers have purchased lots of Porto Rico Tobacco for manufacturers.

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

[For other Ship News see Second Page.]

Steamship Rapidan, Whiteburst, Savannah, 22d inst., with indee. and pass to Livingston, For & Co.
Ship Hubone Pratt, London, May 18, with indee. and pass to Grinnell,
Mintura & Co.
Ship Ordon, Illin J., and J. S. Ship Ordon, Illin Stranger, Illin J., and J. Ship Ordon. ra & Co. Orient, Hill, Liverpool, May 19, with make to Spofford Bros. & Co. Lorde, Klotts, Van Name, Virginia.

Schr. Lottle, Kietts, Van Name, Virginia midse, to Spofford Bros. & Co. WIND-Sunset, moderate, S. E., clear.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Boston, June 25.—Arrived, bark Helen Campbell, from London; brigg Unicora, Surinam, Sarah A. Holbrook, Mavagues; Mary Lebhase, Gonaives, schr. Mary E. Pemerick, Mosquito Indo.

FOREIGN PORTS.

QUERNSTOWN, June 25.—The Cumard steamship Malta. Capt. Medowell, from Boston, June 13, arrived at this port shid saverning, and proceeded for Liverpool.

I.end and Zinc Poison and Iron Rust are all avoided by the use of the Tix-Lingue Liran-Firm. Price, I5 cts. per pound for all gires. Circular and sample of Pipe sent by mail free. Orders solicited. The Columnia's Shiaw & Willamo M. F. G. Co., 213 Centre-st., New-York.

The Mother can rely upon Mrs. Winslow's Scotning Syaur to give rest and health to her child.

Wedding and Visiting Cards, Initial Stamping Note Paper, WM. EYRADELL'S SONS, 184 FULTON-ST., OPP. OLD DUTCH CHURCH. DIED.

LATHAM—At New Brunswick, N. J., on Sunday, June 25, Robert W.
Latham, in the filst year of his age.
The friends of the foundy are invited to attend the funeral from his late
rendence. Livingston-are, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Philadelptia, Baltimore, Washington and Southern papers please copy.
MOLLER—On Friday, June 23, Edwin C., son of Peter Moller, in the
79th year of his age. 29th year of his age.

Relatives and fromts of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his fatter, 319 Pifth-are., on Monday morating, 26th, at 10 o'clock, without further notice. PEDDIE-On Surday, June 25, after a long and severe illness, Mr. Jas Peblic, son of the late Thos. Peddie, aged 20 years, 5 months and 1

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attendays.

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attendays the functal from his late residence, 356 Bowery, on Tucsday afternoon June 27, at 2 o'clock.

Perthetidre (Scotland) papers please copy. STORY—In Brooklyn, June 25, William H. Story, in his 53d year.
Friends and relatives, are invited to attend the funeral on Tassday, at:
o'clock p.m., from his line residence, 190 Freshbent-st.
WOOD—On Fridey, June 23, Augustus L. Wood, jr., aged 16 years, see
of A. L. and Naney Wood.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited by of A. L. and Namy Wood.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfulls invited to attembis functal from the residence of his parents, 605 Hudson-st. (Abing don-square), on Monday, 26th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m.

Special Notices

Fifth Assembly District Republican Association.—The tell of Membership for the above District, as completed by the Commit con Recognization, will be open for inspection at 196 Spring-st., fo here days, beginning TUESDAY, Jone 27, 1971.

JOSEPH MURPHY, Secretary, JAMES WINTERBOTTOM, Chairman three days, beginning the property of the Managarana Joseph Murput, Secretary. James WinterBottom, charman Seventeenth Assembly District Republican Association.—Regular Monthly Meeting at the Wigwam, Forty-ninth-st. be turne Eighth and Ninth-aves, THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 26, a GEORGE P. BRADFORD, President.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce. "THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE."
It improves appetite and direction, and it is marrialed for its flavor.
We are directed by Messra, LEA & PERRINS to prosecute all parti-

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW-YORK Nicol & Davidson, Nicel & Davidson,

525 Broadway, near Great Jones at.,
offer a variety of patterns of
SILVER-PLATED PORCELAIN-LINKS INCE PITCHERS. Also, 0
TILTING ICE PITCHER, SILVER-PLATED BERRY DISHES, FRUT
STANDS, CASTERS, SPOONS, FORES, and SHEFFIELD TABL
CUTLERY.

PRENCH CHINA, WHITE or DECORATED DINNER, TEA, at TOLLET SETS, at bargains. Many of the articles being actually cheaper than before the war.

TOILET SETS, at bargains. Many of the aftices being actually cheaps than before the war.

Card.

ELIZABETH S. ADAMS, M. D., formerly with Mrs. CLEMENCE;

LOZIER, M. D., of Thirty-fount-best, has removed to No. M. We Twenty-sixthest, New-York, between Broadway and Sixthese. Wilson Shuttle Sewing-Machines the best and cheapest in class Machines in the world. Price from \$40 to \$100. Salteroom, 707 Breadway.